

### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Alabama USDA Newsletter - January 2023

Farm Service Agency | Natural Resources Conservation Service | Risk Management Agency

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### Leadership Message

#### From the Farm Service Agency State Executive Director

Greetings and Happy Holidays! During this season of thankfulness and appreciation, we take the time to acknowledge the service of our community partners, sister agencies, County Committeepersons and County Office Staff. Thank you for your hard work and invaluable service. Success is not by the hands of just one person but by hands of many.



Alabama STO was happy to have had the privilege to host Agriculture Secretary Tom Vilsack on December 12, 2022, in Tuskegee, AL, as he announced that the Biden-Harris Administration, through the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) is investing an additional \$325 million for 71 projects under the second funding pool of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities effort, bringing the total investment from both funding pools to over \$3.1 billion for 141 tentatively selected projects.

Decetti Taylor has assumed the role of Outreach Coordinator and Public Affairs Specialist.

As we end the 2022 program year, you are encouraged to subscribe to your local FSA county office newsletter. Contact your county service center using the <u>USDA Service</u> <u>Center Locator</u>

# Be on the Lookout: New Form Required for Some NRCS Customers

If you are a producer or landowner who participates in USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)

conservation programs, the Farm Service Agency (FSA) may be reaching out by mail with information about a form you'll need to fill out.

Starting this year, all producers and landowners participating or applying to participate in certain NRCS conservation programs must complete form CCC-902, Farm Operating Plan. Historically, to participate in these



programs, legal entities could file either the CCC-901, Member Information or the CCC-902, while individuals were not specifically required to file the CCC-902 with FSA. Now, to ensure FSA and NRCS are properly determining payment eligibility and maximum payment limitations, all customers must have a CCC-902 on file to establish eligibility.

These changes will not affect participants who already have a Form CCC-902 with a "determined" status recorded with FSA. Customers that do not have a CCC-902 on file with FSA will be sent a letter in the mail in the coming weeks with detailed information on what is needed and how to file the form. The letter requests that the form be completed within 30 days of receiving the letter.

For added convenience, USDA is offering options for remote or in-person submission of the CCC-902. Fiscal year 2021 is considered a transition year to ensure all NRCS program participants can meet this updated filing requirement. Beginning in FY 2022, if form CCC-902 is not on file your payments may be impacted.

We can help: NRCS and FSA staff are available at <u>USDA Service Centers</u> nationwide to provide information and assistance to walk you through meeting this filing requirement. For more information, see the <u>NRCS National Bulletin 300-21-7</u> or <u>FSA Notice PL-293</u>.

# USDA Encourages You to Consider NAP Risk Protection Coverage Before Crop Sales Deadlines



The Farm Service Agency encourages you to examine available USDA crop risk protection options, including federal crop insurance and Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) coverage, before the applicable crop sales deadline.

Federal crop insurance covers crop losses from natural adversities such as drought, hail and excessive moisture. NAP covers losses from natural disasters on crops for which no permanent federal crop insurance program is available. You can determine if crops are eligible for federal crop insurance or NAP by <u>visiting the RMA website</u>.

NAP offers higher levels of coverage, from 50 to 65 percent of expected production in 5 percent increments, at 100 percent of the average market price. Producers of organics and crops marketed directly to consumers also may exercise the "buy-up" option to obtain NAP coverage of 100 percent of the average market price at the coverage levels of between 50 and 65 percent of expected production. Buy-up levels of NAP coverage are available if the producer can show at least one year of previously successfully growing the crop for which coverage is being requested. NAP basic coverage is available at 55

percent of the average market price for crop losses that exceed 50 percent of expected production.

For all coverage levels, the NAP service fee is the lesser of \$325 per crop or \$825 per producer per county, not to exceed a total of \$1,950 for a producer with farming interests in multiple counties.

Beginning, underserved, veterans and limited resource farmers are now eligible for free catastrophic level coverage.

Deadlines for coverage vary by state and crop. contact your County USDA Service Center or visit <u>fsa.usda.gov</u>.

Federal crop insurance coverage is sold and delivered solely through private insurance agents. Agent lists are available at all USDA Service Centers or at <u>USDA's online Agent Locator</u>. You can use the <u>USDA Cost Estimator</u> to predict insurance premium costs.

### The Importance of Responding to NASS Surveys



USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) conducts hundreds of surveys every year and prepares reports covering virtually every aspect of U.S. agriculture.

If you receive a survey questionnaire, please respond quickly and online if possible.

The results of the surveys help determine the structure of USDA farm programs, such as soil rental rates for the Conservation Reserve Program and prices and yields used for the Agriculture Risk Coverage and Price Loss

Coverage programs. This county-level data is critical for USDA farm payment determinations. Survey responses also help associations, businesses and policymakers advocate for their industry and help educate others on the importance of agriculture.

NASS safeguards the privacy of all respondents and publishes only aggregate data, ensuring that no individual operation or producer can be identified.

NASS data is available online at <a href="mass.usda.gov/Publications">nass.usda.gov/Publications</a> and through the searchable <a href="Quick Stats database">Quick Stats database</a>. Watch a video on how NASS data is used at <a href="youtube.com/watch?v=m-4zjnh26io&feature=youtu.be">youtube.com/watch?v=m-4zjnh26io&feature=youtu.be</a>.

## **New Technology Helps Ranchers Maximize Grass Production**

One out of every three acres in the U.S. is rangeland. Twothirds of these are privately owned, mainly by ranchers who graze their livestock in the open country of the American West. Our rangelands produce premium beef, wool, and dairy. But it's the plants that feed these livestock that are the foundation for profitable agriculture in the West. But ranchers haven't had a good way to measure how their grass is faring — until now. The Rangeland Analysis Platform (RAP), developed in partnership with the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, Bureau of Land Management, and the University of Montana, allows producers to track changes in the amount and types of plants growing on their property.

RAP is a free online resource that provides data on vegetation trends across the West from the mid-1980s to the present; and it calculates how productive those plants are. A combination of long-term datasets shows landowners how their lands have changed over time, which translates directly into their operation's profitability.

Farmers in the central and eastern U.S. have been using technology to track changes in crop production for decades. As soon as they see that their plant productivity is declining — and revenues following suit — they can take steps to address the limitations and boost productivity again.

RAP provides the same power to ranchers. RAP can show ranchers the gap between their potential production and the actual production they realize in terms of pounds-per-acre of grass. It helps landowners understand how much they can potentially gain by changing management practices to boost available forage and close the gap.

Landowners can see how their plant production has changed in a single month or over the span of several years. The technology can be used to visualize plant productivity in an area as small as a baseball diamond or as large as several states. New technology like RAP helps us "help the land" in order to sustain wildlife, provide food and fiber, and support agricultural families long into the future.



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